

LEVEL 4 DIPLOMA IN COMPUTING

(L4DC)

Qualification Unit Specification

2023



Modification History

Version	Revision Description
V2.3	Updated NOS January 2020
V3.0	Added Specialisms
V3.1	Topic Updates
V3.2	"Global Examination" occurrences changed to "Time- constrained Assessment' – February 2021
V3.3	Updated grade descriptors, syllabus content and GLH
V3.4	"Time-constrained Assessment" occurrences changed to "Global Examination" – July 2023

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1. About NCC Education

NCC Education is a UK awarding body, active in the UK and internationally. Originally part of the UK National Computing Centre, NCC Education started offering IT qualifications in 1976 and from 1997 developed its Higher Education portfolio to include Business qualifications, IT qualifications for school children and a range of Foundation qualifications.

With Centres in over forty countries, four international offices and academic managers worldwide, NCC Education strives to employ the latest technologies for learning, assessment and support. NCC Education is regulated and quality assured by Ofqual (the *Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation*, see www.ofqual.gov.uk) in England.

1.1 Why choose this qualification?

NCC Education's Level 4 Diploma in Computing is:

 Regulated by Ofqual and listed on the Qualifications and Credit Framework – Qualification Number 600/0406/X. The Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF) is a credit-based qualifications framework, allowing candidates to take a unit-based approach to building qualifications.

For more information see:

https://www.gov.uk/what-different-qualification-levels-mean/list-of-qualification-levels

- Quality assured and well established in the UK and worldwide
- Recognised and valued by employers and universities worldwide
- A pathway qualification for candidates who wish to complete the NCC Education degree journey. This qualification is equivalent to the first year of a Computing degree qualification in the UK university system and will allow access to the NCC Education Level 5 Diploma in Computing and the NCC Education Level 5 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management).

Objective

Candidates will be exposed to both the academic and vocational aspects of a wide range of computing-related subjects, enabling them to gain the necessary knowledge and skills vital for a career in the computing/business sectors or further studies.

2. Structure of the L4DC Qualification

Qualification Title, Credits, Units and Level

NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing (RQF), 120 credits, all at RQF Level 4.

Specialist pathways are included within brackets in the qualification title:

- NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing
- NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management)

Total Qualification Time: 1,200 hours.

Guided Learning Hours:

- NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing: 540 hours
- NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management): 438 hours

Please see Section 5 below for Syllabuses, which include the Guided Learning Hours and Total Qualification Time for each Unit of the Level 4 Diploma in Computing.

This qualification is regulated by Ofqual and listed on the Qualifications and Credit Framework – Qualification Number 600/0406/X. For further information see http://register.ofqual.gov.uk/Qualification/Details/600_0406 X

NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing

Candidates must pass 8 Units to be awarded the Level 4 Diploma in Computing certificate.

Category	Title	Unit Credit	Level
Core	Computer Networks	15	4
Core	Computer Systems	15	4
Core	Databases	15	4
Core	Designing and Developing a Website	15	4
Core	Skills for Computing	15	4
Specialist	Designing and Developing Object-Oriented Computer programs	15	4
Specialist	Office Solutions Development	15	4
Specialist	Software Development Techniques	15	4

• NCC Education Level 4 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management)

Candidates must pass all 8 Units to be awarded the Level 4 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management) certificate.

Category	Title	Unit Credit	Level
Core	Computer Networks	15	4
Core	Computer Systems	15	4
Core	Databases	15	4
Core	Designing and Developing a Website	15	4
Core	Skills for Computing	15	4
Specialist	eBusiness	15	4
Specialist	Essentials of Management	15	4
Specialist	Understanding Business Organisations	15	4

3. Assessment for the qualification

3.1 Assessment objectives

All assessment for the qualification is intended to allow candidates to demonstrate they have met the relevant Learning Outcomes. Moreover, NCC Education's assessment is appropriate to the assessment criteria as stated in this specification and is regularly reviewed to ensure it remains consistent with the specification.

3.2 Overview of Qualification Unit Assessment

Unit	Assessment Methods		
	Global Examination	Global Assignment	
Computer Networks	-	100%	
Computer Systems	-	100%	
Databases	50%	50%	
Designing and Developing a Website	-	100%	
Designing and Developing Object-Oriented Computer programs	-	100%	
eBusiness		100%	
Essentials of Management		100%	
Office Solutions Development	-	100%	
Skills for Computing	50%	50%	
Software Development Techniques	100%	-	
Understanding Business Organisations		100%	

A global examination is an assessment to be undertaken within specified time constraints. Students will use the knowledge they have gained over the course of their studies to complete the assessment. No sources, notes or textbooks are required. An assignment requires candidates to produce a written response to a set of one or more tasks, meeting a deadline imposed by the Centre. The overall Unit mark is computed from the weighted mean of its components. The pass mark for a Unit is 40%.

NCC Education Centres can provide candidates with a specimen assessment paper as well as a limited number of past global examination and assignment papers.

Past global examination and assignment papers may be made available only following results release for the corresponding assessment cycle. Results release dates and past global examination and assignment release dates can be found in the Activity Schedules area of *Candidate Registration Portal*, NCC Education's student registration system.

3.3 Accessibility of Assessment

We review our guidelines on assessment practices to ensure compliance with equality law and to confirm assessment for our Units is fit for purpose.

3.3.1 Reasonable adjustments and special consideration

NCC Education is committed to providing reasonable adjustments and special consideration so as to ensure disabled candidates, or those facing exceptional circumstances, are not disadvantaged in demonstrating their knowledge, skills and understanding.

Further information on NCC Education's arrangements for giving reasonable adjustments and special consideration can be found in the NCC Education *Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations Policy*.

3.3.2 Supervision and Authentication of Assessment

NCC Education Centres are required to organise all assessment activity for this specification according to NCC Education's Policies and Advice.

Candidates' identity and the authenticity of their work is verified and NCC Education moderates all assessment to ensure that the marking carried out is fair, and that the grading reflects the standard achieved by candidates as relevant to the specification Learning Outcomes and Assessment Criteria. Detailed guidance on this process and how candidate work must be submitted to NCC Education is given in NCC Education's *Instructions for Conducting Examinations* and *Assessments Instructions*. The Assessments Instructions also includes full reminder checklists for Centre administrators.

4 Administration

4.1 Assessment Cycles

Four assessment cycles are offered throughout the year, in Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter.

Global examination dates and assignment submission deadlines are published in the NCC Education *Activity Schedule*, which is provided to Centres by Centre Support. It is also available on *Candidate Registration Portal*, NCC Education's student registration system.

The *Activity Schedule* also gives the key dates for registering candidates for assessment cycles, the dates when Centres can expect the assessment documentation and, ultimately, the assessment results from NCC Education.

4.2 Language of Assessment

All assessment is conducted in English.

4.3 Candidates

NCC Education's qualifications are available to those Centre candidates who satisfy the entry requirements as stated in this specification.

4.4 Qualification and Unit Entry Requirements

Entry Requirements

- Holders of the Level 3 International Foundation Diploma for Higher Education Studies (L3IFDHES) qualifications.
- Holders of the NCC Education Level 3 Diploma in Computing (L3DC) (RQF)
- Holders of the Level 3 Diploma in Business (L3DB) (RQF) for candidates studying the Level 4 Diploma in Computing (with Business Management) specialism
- Holders of any local or international qualification deemed to be a similar level to either L3DC or L3IFDHES. These shall be agreed in advance with NCC Education.
- Holders of one 'A' level or equivalent or an appropriate School Leaver's certificate.
- Mature students, able to demonstrate over two years' relevant work experience and have an 'O' Level/GCSE English and Maths or equivalent.

For candidates whose first language is not English:

- IELTS 5.5 or equivalent.
- GCE 'O' Level English C6

4.5 Candidate Entry

Candidates are registered for assessment via NCC Education's *Candidate Registration Portal* system and according to the deadlines for registration provided in the *Activity Schedule*.

Candidates are registered for the assessment of each Unit they wish to take in a particular assessment cycle (e.g. Units A and B in Summer, Units C and D in Autumn, Units E and F in Winter and Units G and H in Spring). This includes candidates who need to resit a particular Unit.

Further details can be found in NCC Education's Operations Manual.

4.6 Eligibility Period

The maximum period of time that NCC Education allows for the completion of your programme is three years. Please contact your Accredited Partner Centre if you have any queries relating to this.

4.7 Resits

If a candidate fails an assessment, they will be provided with opportunities to resit during the eligibility period.

Candidates may only seek reassessment in a previously failed Unit.

5. Syllabus

5.1. Computer Networks

Title:	Computer Networks				
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RQF code:	M/502/8332	Credits	15	Level	4

Guided Learning Hours	60 hours	Total Qualification Time	150 hours	
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Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Understand network and communication protocols	1.1 Explain the overarching principles of the OSI seven-layer model 1.2 Explain the function of each layer of the OSI model, and the protocols associated with it.
	Explain the function and application of a range of communication and network protocols.
	1.4 Evaluate the use of various protocols against real-world purposes
	1.5 Explain the function and rationale of wireless networking standards
	1.6 Explain a range of contemporary wireless standards and their relevant applications.
2. Understand the principles of common network topologies	2.1 Explain the concept of network topology and its design.
and architectures	2.2 Discuss various common network topologies and their application(s).
	2.3 Propose a simple network topology in response to detailed requirements
Understand the application of network security measures	3.1 Install and configure a firewall on an internet- connected system
	3.2 Install and configure essential software security measures
4. Be able to select and configure the hardware	4.1 Categorise network cables and connectors and their implementations
components of a computer	4.2 Select the hardware component of a network
network to meet the requirements of a precise specification.	4.3 Assemble the necessary hardware components to create a network according to a design specification
	4.4 Configure the hardware components for a wireless network
	4.5 Test the connectivity of a network
	4.6 Troubleshoot client-side connectivity issues using appropriate tools

5. Be able to design and install network and server operating systems to meet the requirements of a precise specification.	 5.1 Identify the software requirements for a computer network 5.2 Install and run appropriate network software according to a design specification. 5.3 Install and run software components for a wireless network. 5.4 Test the correct operation of network and server software
Be able to install and configure internet telephony and communication systems	 6.1 Install and configure a Voice over IP (VoIP) system 6.2 Install and configure a web-based video conferencing solution 6.3 Install and configure a Virtual Private Network (VPN)

Syllabus Content	
Topic	Course coverage
Introduction to the Module and Networks	 Introduction to module What is a network? Purpose, benefits, resource implications, communications (e.g. transmission mediums), working practice, commercial opportunity, information sharing, collaboration. Real world networks - Impact of networks on daily lives, the basic requirements of a reliable network and network trends. The OSI seven-layer model - overarching principles of the OSI seven-layer model
	Learning Outcome: 1
Network Protocols and Standards	 Communications and network protocols - Purpose of protocols; adherence, routed protocols IPv4 & IPv6, ICMP, FTP, HTTP, SMTP.
	Protocols and the OSI model
	Protocols in real world networks
	The Internet
	Learning Outcome: 1
Wireless Networking Standards	Wireless devices - Establishing network connections including wired/wireless client configuration.
	Wireless networking standards – IEEE 802.11 Wireless Standards
	Issues for wireless networks
	Wireless networking protocols - Wireless Equivalent Protection (WEP) or WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
	Learning Outcome: 1

Network Topology and Architecture Network Media and Connectors	 Network topology concepts – Network representation: logical & physical Common network topologies and their application: Ethernet, Token Ring, Star, Ring, Bus. Topologies and protocols Learning Outcome: 2 Network media - coaxial cable, twisted pair, wireless and fibre optic cable. Network connectors Selecting media and connectors Learning Outcome: 4
Network Hardware	 Network hardware - Servers; hub, routers; switches; firewall Hardware selection – network card, cabling; permissions; system bus; local-system architecture e.g. memory, processor, I/O devices Creating a network - supporting infrastructure needs and supporting connectivity requirements Learning Outcome: 4
Wireless Network Hardware	 Wireless network hardware - wireless devices; access point (wireless/wired), content filter, Load balancer, Modem, Packet shaper, VPN concentrator. Wireless hardware selection Creating a wireless network Learning Outcome: 4
Security Software	 Network security threats - unauthorised use of a system; unauthorised removal or copying of data or code from a system; damage to or destruction of physical systems, data or code Security countermeasures – logs, traces, honeypots, data mining algorithms, vulnerability testing. Security software – Firewalls, Routers, Switches, Gateways Installing and configuring security software – Configure Network Security measures such as Firewalls, Routers, Switches, Gateways, SSL, IPSec, HTTPs, FTPs, passwords and backup devices. Learning Outcome: 3
Firewalls	 Functions of a firewall - Packet level filtering, Circuit level filtering, Application level filtering, Types of firewall – Hardware and Software Installing and configuring a firewall Learning Outcome: 3

Network and Server Software	 Network software requirements - Client software, server software, client operating system, server operating system. Wireless network software requirements
	Configuring network software
	Learning Outcome: 5
Voice over IP and Video Conferencing	 Voice over IP (VoIP) Video conferencing Installing and configuring voice networks Installing and configuring video networks Learning Outcome: 6
Virtual Private Networks	 Virtual private networks (VPN) - Explaining Virtual Private Network (VPN) features and benefits and compare VPN types. Advantages and disadvantages of VPN Installing and configuring VPN Learning Outcome: 6

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4013 P1-3 – Contribute to IT architecture work;

ESKITP4083 P1-4 - Prepare, under supervision, for IT/technology infrastructure design and planning activities;

ESKITP4083 P5-8 – Assist with IT/technology infrastructure design and planning activities;

ESKITP4083 P9-11— Assist others with relevant information concerning IT/technology infrastructure design and planning assignments;

ESKITP5043 P1-5 - Perform systems integration activities as directed;

ESKITP5044 P4-8 - Perform systems integration activities;

ESKITP5053 P1-5- Assist with gathering and documenting information to support systems installation, implementation and handover;

ESKITP5054 P1-4- Perform systems installation, implementation and handover activities

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

5.2. Computer Systems

Title: Computer Systems

 RQF code:
 L/601/0446
 Credits
 15
 Level
 4

Guided Learning Hours	60 hours	Total Qualification Time	150 hours
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Learning Outcomes; The Learner will:	Assessment Criteria; The Learner can:	
Understand the function of computer systems	 1.1 Explain the role of computer systems in different environments 1.2 Explain the hardware, software and peripheral components of a computer system 1.3 Compare different types of computer systems 	
Be able to design computer systems	2.1 Produce a system design specification to meet a client's needs2.2 Evaluate the suitability of a system design specification	
Be able to build and configure computer systems	3.1 Build and configure a computer system to meet a design specification3.2 Test and document a computer system	
Be able to undertake routine maintenance on computer systems	'	

Syllabus Content		
Course coverage		
 Overview of the module Types of computer Personal, mini, mainframe, mobile, Network, supercomputer, multiprocessor History of modern computers Show & tell of old and modern computer equipment Student research on generations of computer Learning Outcome: 1		

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Environments,	Computing Environments
Functions of components and	 Home, business, computer gaming, networking, real-time, communication
Health & Safety	Von Neumann architecture
	Example processors
	Fetch execute cycle
	Internet research – Different types of processor.
	RISC v CISC
	Single v multi core
	Multiprocessor
	Distributed
	Health and safety practices; mains electricity, hot components, lifting and carrying, electrostatic precautions.
	Learning Outcome: 1
Computer Hardware	Standard architecture
	CPU, main memory (RAM, ROM), Backing storage, I/O
	Current implementation of standard architecture
	 CPU, motherboard, Power supply, cooling, backing store (hard disk, optical disks), memory types, interfaces (PCI, AGP, PCI Express), NIC, graphics card, sound.
	Inside a PC
	Identify components and their functions
	Identify alternative components and packaging
	Learning Outcome: 1
Peripherals and System Building	Printers, & plotters, cameras & scanners; keyboard, mouse, touch screen/pad; monitors, display adapters; multimedia devices; storage media; networking; portable drives; plug and play components; performance factors
	Disassemble and assemble a computer system
	 Install motherboard, processor, heat-sink and fan, memory, power supply unit
	Install hard disc drive, optical drive;
	Install specialised cards
	Install peripheral devices
	Learning Outcomes: 1 & 3
	1

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Software, Installation and Configuration	Systems software
	Operating systems,
	Utility programmes,
	Library programmes,
	Translator programmes
	Applications software
	Standard packages
	Customised packages
	Special purpose software
	Bespoke software
	Install key software
	Windows Operating Systems
	Office package
	Free utility software
	Anti-virus and security software
	Learning Outcomes: 1 & 3
Alternative Operating	Alternative operating systems
Systems	UNIX/Linux, OS X, Android
	Linux installation
	Learning Outcome: 1
System Testing	Test plan
	Test documentation
	Fault detection, diagnostics, troubleshooting
	Technical support
	Test hardware and software
	Repair
	- 17 - 1
	Fault diagnosis exercises
	• Fault diagnosis exercises Learning Outcome: 3
Software	Learning Outcome: 3
Software Maintenance	Learning Outcome: 3Software problems
	Learning Outcome: 3Software problemsAutomatic updates
	Learning Outcome: 3Software problemsAutomatic updatesUpgrades
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software Security software
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software Security software Scheduling maintenance
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software Security software Scheduling maintenance Windows update exercise
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software Security software Scheduling maintenance Windows update exercise Package update exercise
	 Learning Outcome: 3 Software problems Automatic updates Upgrades Utility software Security software Scheduling maintenance Windows update exercise

Hardware	Preventative maintenance
Maintenance	Upgrade v replace
	Hardware upgrade
	 Priorities
	Internal components
	 Peripherals
	Hardware upgrade exercises e.g.
	Memory update
	Graphics upgrade
	Hard disk upgrade
	Add second NIC
	Learning Outcome: 4
File Management	File systems operation and organisation
	FAT, NTFS, ext
	Directories/folders
	Security, sharing and access rights
	Data Protection
	Backup
	File/folder organisation
	Windows file management exercises
	Learning Outcome: 4
Nooda Analysia	
Needs Analysis	Client and system requirements Investigation (analytical techniques)
	Investigation/analytical techniques Diable real/institute as with a surrough a surrough as a surface.
	Problems/limitations with current/new system
	Functionality, costs, timescales, resources
	Case study
	Introduction
	Needs analysis exercise A a min of Contact and C
	Learning Outcome: 2
Selection and	Selection criteria
Systems Specification	System integration
Орсонюшон	Accessibility
	Alternative solutions
	Identification, selection & justification
	 Matching client requirements and system requirements with system components
	Systems options
	Off the shelf, self build, customise
	Alternatives
	System documentation Case study Selection & appointment
	Case study – Selection & specification Learning Outcome: 2 % 2
	Learning Outcome: 2 & 3

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4013 P1-3 – Contribute to IT architecture work;

ESKITP4013 P4-8— Gather, use and maintain information relating to IT architecture models;

 ${\sf ESKITP4083\ P1-4-Prepare,\ under\ supervision,\ for\ IT/technology\ infrastructure\ designand\ planning\ activities;}$

ESKITP4083 P5-8 – Assist with IT/technology infrastructure design and planning activities;

ESKITP4083 P9-11 — Assist others with relevant information concerning IT/technology infrastructure design and planning assignments;

ESKITP5043 P1-5 - Perform systems integration activities as directed;

ESKITP5044 P4-8- Perform systems integration activities.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

5.3. Databases

Guided Learning Hours	60 hours	Total Qualification Time	150 hours
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Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Understand the concepts associated with database systems	1.1 Summarise the common uses of database systems 1.2 Explain the meaning of the term database
	1.3 Explain the meaning of the term database management system (DBMS)
	1.4 Describe the components of the DBMS environment
	1.5 Describe the typical functions of a DBMS
	1.6 Summarise the advantages and disadvantages of a DBMS
2. Understand the concepts	2.1 Summarise the concept of the relational model
associated with the relational model	2.2 Explain the terminology associated with the relational model
	2.3 Explain the purpose of relational integrity
3. Understand how to design and develop a database system	3.1 Explain the use of ER modelling in database design
	3.2 Describe the basic concepts of an ER model
	3.3 Describe ways of identifying problems in an ER model
	3.4 Explain ways of solving problems in an ER model
	3.5 Summarise the purpose of SQL
	3.6 Describe how to create database tables using SQL
4. Be able to develop a logical	4.1 Identify a set of tables from an ER model
database design	4.2 Check that the tables are capable of supporting the required transactions
5. Be able to develop a database	5.1 Create database tables based on a data dictionary
system using SQL	5.2 Insert data into the tables
	5.3 Update data in the tables
	5.4 Delete data in the tables

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Introduction to the Module and Database Fundamentals	 Introduction to the module What are databases? – The role of database systems e.g. as back-end systems, in e-commerce, for data mining applications etc. Examples of databases in use – Comparison of global companies and types of databases used. Data and information Learning Outcome: 1 	
Databases and Database Management Systems (DBMS)	 Components of a database system – Tables, data elements, data types, indexes, primary/foreign keys, entity relationship modelling, referential integrity, data normalisation to third normal form. Types of applications Database Management Systems – Types of database management systems (DBMS) and their operating system support, e.g. MySQL, Oracle. Available commercial implementations History of information management Pre-database information systems Advantages of database approach and DBMS Disadvantages of DBMS Relational model and alternatives Learning Outcome: 1 	
Entity Relationship (ER) Modelling (1)	 The goal of ER modelling Types of notation – Symbols and relationships within an ER Model Basic concepts – Entities, attributes and relationships Identifying entities Learning Outcome: 3 	
Entity Relationship (ER) Modelling (2)	 Constructing ER models – Logical design for relational databases Strong and weak entities Identifying problems in ER models – Connection traps, Fan traps and Chasm traps Problem solving in ER models Learning Outcome: 3 	
The Relational Model (1)	 Aims of the relational model Basic concept of the relational model – Relational data structures, including: relations, attributes, domain, tuple, cardinality. Terminology Learning Outcome: 2 	

The Relational Model (2)	 The purpose of relational integrity – Constraints: key, domain Basic purpose and concepts of normalisation – Normalisation in developing efficient data structures Learning Outcome: 2
SQL (1)	 The purpose and role of SQL – To extract, manipulate and modify data Basic concepts of SQL – Inserts, updates, amendments, deletions, data backup and recovery. Standards and flavours of SQL – Modelling languages: query language, data definition language (DDL), data, manipulative language (DML), relational languages. Learning Outcome: 3
SQL (2)	 Key constructs in SQL – Data manipulation using appropriate query tools, including complex queries to query across multiple tables, and using functions and formulae. Creating and Selecting statements Fixing mistakes – Making use of testing outcomes to improve and/or refine the solution. Learning Outcome: 3
Database Design	 Understanding requirements – Design for relational databases, tables, data elements, data types, keys and indexes, entity relationship modelling, data flow diagrams, flowcharts. Identifying a set of tables from an ER model The data dictionary Use of CASE tools Entities to tables Learning outcome: 4
Supporting Transactions	 Identifying business rules – Consideration of interface links with other systems Checking a database will support the required transactions – System reports, transaction and concurrency in DBMS. Identifying possible performance issues Indexing and de-normalisation Learning Outcome: 4
Database Implementation	 The implementation environment – Use of an appropriate database management system and Structured Query Language (SQL) Creating tables based on database dictionary – Creating, setting up and maintaining data tables Enforcing integrity and business rules via constraints – Domain constraint, tuple uniqueness constraint, key constraint, entity Integrity constraint, referential Integrity constraint. Creating indexes Insert, Update and Delete – Populating the Database Learning Outcome: 5

Summary

- Summary of module
- Identifying links with other modules/subject areas
- Clarification of module material and related issues as identified by students

Learning Outcomes: ALL

Related National Occupational Standards (NOS)

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4023 P1-4 – Contribute to data analysis assignment;

ESKITP4023 P5-9 - Carry out specified data analysis activities;

ESKITP4053 P1-3- Collate specified information relating to data design activities;

ESKITP4053 P4-9- Contribute to producing and maintaining data designs;

ESKITP4053 P10-14 - Assist, under supervision, the management of data relating to data

designs;

ESKITP4053 P1-4 – Assist with the development for data design activities.

Assessments

Global Examination (50%)

Global Assignment (50%)

5.4. Designing and Developing a Website

Title: Designing and Developing a Website

RQF code: L/601/3315 Credits 15 Level 4

Guided Learning Hours 90 hours Total Qualification Time 150 hours

Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Design a website to address loosely-defined requirements	1.1 Identify the key design features inherent within a requirements specification
	1.2 Use planning tools and techniques to create a site map
	1.3 Evaluate different design models and select the most appropriate to meet requirements.
2. Use web development tools to	2.1 Describe the use of HTML to develop websites
build HTML- and CSS-based websites to address well-	2.2 Describe how to use CSS to standardise the overall style of a website
defined specifications	2.3 Write the source code for a simple web page in clean HTML according to a specification.
	2.4 Write the source code for a CSS according to a specification
	2.5 Explain the contextual application of a variety of web development tools
	2.6 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of various web development methodologies and technologies
3. Understand the technology and tools needed to use	3.1 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of various types of multimedia file formats
multimedia in the context of a website	3.2 Explain the advantages and disadvantages of different types of multimedia elements in relation to different contexts
	3.3 Embed functional multimedia components in an HTML site
Develop test strategies and apply these to a website	4.1 Develop and apply a test strategy consistent with the design
	4.2 Determine expected test results
	4.3 Record actual test results to enable comparison with expected results
	4.4 Analyse actual test results against expected results to identify discrepancies
	4.5 Investigate test discrepancies to identify and rectify their causes

	4.6 Explain the need for testing on different platforms and browsers
5. Understand the need for Web standards	 5.1 Explain the role of the W3C 5.2 Explain W3C standards and their application in site coding 5.3 Discuss web accessibility and usability issues from the viewpoint of an IT professional
6. Understand the concepts associated with using the Internet and the World Wide Web for business	 6.1 Explain the underlying physical and operational properties of the Internet and World Wide Web, including the difference between the two 6.2 Discuss the Internet and the Web as a business tool, including (but not limited to) as a tool for communications, research, sales and marketing 6.3 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of various internet-based models, in different contexts 6.4 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of various eCommerce models, in different contexts

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Introduction to the Module	 The Internet, IoT, and the World Wide Web How the WWW works The W3C and the importance of web standards – Common web development technologies and frameworks. The challenges of web design – Browsers, screen resolution, accessibility, usability Learning Outcomes: 5 & 6 	
Introduction to HTML-5	 Basic principles of mark-up: elements, tags and attributes Document structure: Document type declarations, the root element, the head and body sections Structuring text – Heading, paragraphs and lists Block level and inline elements Validating documents Learning Outcome: 2 	
Hyperlinks	 Using the anchor element Relative and absolute URLs In-page hyperlinks The HTML nav element Accessible hyperlinks Learning Outcomes: 2 & 6 	

Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)	 What is CSS, why do we need CSS? Applying CSS - Inline, embedded and external style sheets Overview of CSS selectors, properties and values Efficient CSS Validating CSS Developer tools – Useful HTML and CSS tools for Web Developers Learning Outcome: 2
Integrating Media	 Inserting images, Image file types, Image maps Audio and video file types The object tag HTML 5 video and audio tags Accessibility and media types Learning Outcomes: 2, 3 & 5
HTML Tables	 Basic structure of HTML tables – Captions groups of rows/columns Column and Row Spanning Tables as a page layout device CSS and tables Accessibility and tables Learning Outcomes: 2 & 5
HTML Forms	 Basic structure of HTML Forms – Collecting user inputs and processing data HTML Form elements – Different types of Form Elements and their uses. Accessibility and HTML forms Controlling the layout of forms HTML 5 form elements Learning Outcomes: 2 & 5
Page Layout with CSS	 The class and ID selectors - selecting HTML elements with a specific class attribute/element Floating and positioning – CSS properties for floating and positioning objects on webpages Fixed width and fluid page design HTML 5 section elements – nav, aside, article and section Page layout and mobile devices Learning Outcomes: 2 & 5

Introduction to Web Design	 Understanding why an organisation needs a website – eBusiness models and eCommerce models The process of designing a website – Tools, techniques and software used to develop websites Involving users in the design process – How intuitive interfaces and actions, user-friendly designs, appropriate graphics, effective navigation and good quality content can help establish user trust and deliver an improved User Experience (UX). Defining content and functionality Learning Outcomes: 1 & 6
Navigation and	Site structure
Interface Design	
	 Interface Design and Navigation – Using front-end technologies, presentation layers and client-side programming
	to build a User Interface (UI) and effect User Experience (UX).
	Learning Outcomes: 1 & 5
Evaluation and	Validating documents
Testing	
	Testing with a range of browsers – Establish a test plan and use it to assess the performance of a website
	Testing with users
	An iterative approach to development
	Learning Outcomes: 4 & 5
Summary	Summary and recap of previous units
-	Hosting a website – Look at relationships between domain
	names, DNS services and communication protocols used to access a website.
	HTML 5, CSS 3 and the mobile web
	Learning Outcomes: All

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4063 P1-5 – Contribute to human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4063 P6-10— Assist, under supervision, with the progress of human interaction and interface (HCI) design assignments;

ESKITP4064 P1-5 – Prepare for human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4064 P6-8 – Implement, under supervision, human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4064 P9-12 – Manage the needs of different users of HCI design activities;

ESKITP4065 P1-4 – Plan human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

5.5. Designing and Developing Object-Oriented Computer Programs

Title: Designing and Developing Object-Oriented Computer Programs

 RQF code:
 T/601/3308
 Credits
 15
 Level
 4

Guided Learning Hours

90 hours

Total Qualification Time

150 hours

Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Design object-oriented programmes to address loosely-defined problems	 1.1 Identify a set of classes and their interrelationships to address the problem 1.2 Make effective use of encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism 1.3 Select and reuse pre-existing objects and templates specialising as required 1.4 Structure the design so that objects communicate efficiently 1.5 Specify the properties and behaviour of classes to allow efficient implementation, selecting appropriate data types, data and file structures and algorithms 1.6 Record the design using well-established notations
Implement object-oriented programmes from well-defined specifications	 2.1 Produce a working programme which satisfies the design specification 2.2 Make effective use of basic programming language features and programming concepts to implement a programme that satisfies the design specification 2.3 Make effective use of the features of the programming environment 2.4 Make effective use of user interface components in the implementation of the programme 2.5 Make effective use of a range of debugging tools
Develop object-oriented programs that reflect established programming and software engineering practice	3.1 Apply standard naming, layout and comment conventions 3.2 Apply appropriate data validation and error handling techniques
Develop test strategies and apply these to object-oriented programmes	 4.1 Develop and apply a test strategy consistent with the design identifying appropriate test data 4.2 Apply regression testing consistent with the test strategy 4.3 Use appropriate tools to estimate the performance of the programme

5.	Develop design
	documentation for use in
	program maintenance and
	end-user documentation

- 5.1 Record the final state of the programme in a form suitable for subsequent maintenance
- 5.2 Provide end-user documentation that meets the user's needs

Syllab	Syllabus Content		
Topic	Title	Content	
1	An Introduction to the .NET framework	 Visual Studio IDE The Design of .NET programs Sequential Program Flow Learning Outcomes: 2 & 3 	
2	Event Driven Programming	 Understand different types of event driven programmes Event Handling – Understand how events in C# work and make use of event handling to design responsive programs Prototypes – Explore formats, characteristics and appropriateness of prototyping Learning Outcomes: 2, 3, & 5 	
3	Programming Structures (1)	 Selections within .NET Branching Program Flow Learning Outcomes: 2 & 3 	
4	Programming Structures (2)	 Repetition within .NET Iterative Program Flow Learning Outcomes: 2 & 3 	
5	Object Orientation (1)	Outline the object-orientated paradigm characteristics:	
6	Consolidation (1)	Produce worked example of material to date Learning Outcomes: 1, 2, 3 & 5	
7	Data Structures	 Examine data structures and algorithms Arrays ArrayLists Dictionary Generics Learning Outcomes: 1, 2 & 3	

8	Object Orientation (2)	Object-orientated class relationships:
		 Inheritance
		• Further object-orientated paradigm characteristics:
		 Polymorphism
		 Introduction to UML – UML class design and suitable UML tools to develop class diagrams
		 Coupling – Explaining the interdependency between methods and object classes
		 Cohesion – Binding of the elements within one method and within one object class
		Learning Outcomes: 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5
9	Consolidation (2)	Produce worked example of material to date
		Learning Outcomes: 1, 2, 3 & 5
10	Testing and Error Handling	Test the system against user and system requirements
		 Testing strategies to be used: test plans, test models e.g. white box, black box; testing documentation.
		 Functional and system testing and testing the robustness of the system
		 Regression testing
		 Detection and correction of errors
		 Exception handling
		Learning Outcomes: 4 & 5
11	File IO	• File IO – The use of file input and output streams.
		• Serialization – The process of converting an object into a stream of bytes to store the object.
		Learning Outcomes: 2, 3, & 4
12	Databases with .NET	Connection to databases
		Data manipulation using appropriate query tools.
		Representing Data – Documentation can include diagrams showing movement of data through the system, and flowcharts describing how the system works. Documentation could also extend to user guides and any initial design and implementation plans.
		Learning Outcomes: 2, 3, 4 & 5

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP5013 P1-6 - Carry out system development activities under

direction;

ESKITP5014v2 P1-5 - Perform systems development activities;

ESKITP5014v2 P6-10 - Contribute to the management of systems development;

ESKITP5022v2 - Perform software development activities;

ESKITP5024 P6-12- Carry out IT/Technology solution testing activities under direction;

ESKITP5034 P1-4 - Carry out IT/Technology solution testing.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

5.6. eBusiness

Title: eBusiness

RQF code: F/502/8321 **Credits** 15 **Level** 4

Guided Learning Hours 36 hours	Total Qualification Time	150 hours
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Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Analyse eCommerce business models	1.1 Identify eCommerce business models 1.2 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of eCommerce 1.3 Compare and contrast different eCommerce revenue models
Analyse eCommerce business-to-consumer strategies	2.1 Explain various eMarketing strategies 2.2 Discuss Customer Relationship Management (CRM) 2.3 Identify the various forms of online advertising
3. Analyse eCommerce business-to-business strategies	 3.1 Explain the business purchase process using eCommerce technologies 3.2 Assess the use of Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) in eCommerce businesses 3.3 Discuss the importance of supply chain management in eCommerce businesses
Evaluate various forms of online marketplace	 4.1 Identify different types and relative effectiveness of online marketplaces 4.2 Compare and contrast different types of online auction 4.3 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of forms of online payment
Examine the security threats posed to eCommerce users	 5.1 Describe the security threats posed by the use of eCommerce technology for end-users and enterprises 5.2 Discuss the technology available to combat eCommerce security threats
6. Understand how to plan eCommerce strategies	6.1 Identify the objectives for an eCommerce strategy6.2 Explain the key factors in successfully managing an eCommerce project

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Introduction to eCommerce	 Scope of eCommerce – Customer expectations, benefits, drawbacks Business models, drivers and identification of opportunities 	
	Learning Outcome: 1	
eCommerce Revenue Models	A range of eCommerce revenue models, both established and emerging conducting research and providing examples of different types	
	Changing revenue models to meet the needs of users	
	Revenue strategy issues	
	Mobile commerce	
	Learning Outcome: 4	
eMarketing Strategies	Develop effective web-based marketing strategies by:	
Strategies	Targeting market segments and interest groups	
	Developing electronic 'web-communities'	
	Customer Relationship Management (CRM)	
	Promotion strategies to target specific market segments	
	Search engine optimisation	
	e-marketing software.	
	Research a local eMarketing campaign and identify strengths and weaknesses	
	Learning Outcome: 2	
Advertising and Brand Management	Main options for web-based advertising and importance of effective brand management	
	Banner adverts	
	Other forms of web advertising	
	Email marketing	
	Creating and maintaining brands	
	Research successful use of search engine positioning and provide examples	
	Learning Outcome: 2	
eCommerce Business to Business Strategies	 Use of eCommerce to enhance purchasing and logistics activities, and the role of Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Research developments in EDI on the Internet 	
	Value Added Networks (VANs)	
	Learning Outcome: 3	

Main elements of supply chain management and the potential efficiencies such as:
Identify key supply chain benefits/issues Managed in house or sub-contracted Developing 'partnership' relationships with suppliers Materials tracking technologies Ultimate consumer orientation Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment General consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions
Managed in house or sub-contracted Developing 'partnership' relationships with suppliers Materials tracking technologies Ultimate consumer orientation Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment General consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions Business to business auctions Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals B2B marketplace models
Developing 'partnership' relationships with suppliers Materials tracking technologies Ultimate consumer orientation Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment
Materials tracking technologies Ultimate consumer orientation Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment
Ultimate consumer orientation Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment
Building and maintaining trust Learning Outcome: 3 Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment
Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment General consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Portals Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Auction related services Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Auction and evaluate strengths and Evalu
Online Auctions Different types of online auctions and applicability in the B2B environment General consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Online Marketplaces, Communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
environment General consumer auctions Specialist consumer auctions Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
Specialist consumer auctions Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Outcome: 4 Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
Business to business auctions Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Output
Auction related services Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Auction related services Outcome: 4 Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
 Identify a local B2B auction and evaluate strengths and weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
weaknesses Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
 Learning Outcome: 4 Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
Online Marketplaces, Communities and Portals Overview of different approaches to developing online communities and associated revenue models B2B marketplace models
Communities and communities and associated revenue models • B2B marketplace models
Portals • B2B marketplace models
·
Revenue models for web portals and virtual communities
Research a local web portal and establish the services offered
Learning Outcome: 4
Security Threats and Countermeasures for Overview of main security threats to PC users and the approaches to countering these
End Users • Online security issues
Cookies
Active content
Viruses and worms
Anti-virus software
Digital certificates
Digital Certificates
Research the major security threats posed by worms and Trojan horses

Security Threats and Countermeasures for Enterprises	Overview of the main security threats posed to eCommerce servers and the approaches to countering these
	Identifying possible threats to an eCommerce server such as:
	 Network threats and vulnerabilities,
	 Protecting and preventing attacks
	Mitigating risk.
	Denial-of-service (DoS) threats
	Wireless network threats
	Learning Outcome: 5
Payment Systems for eCommerce	Main options for providing payment systems for eCommerce systems such as:
	 Online transaction processing,
	 Commercial Off the Shelf Software (COTS),
	 Other payment systems e.g. PayPal, WorldPay.
	Threats to payment systems
	Research payment systems used on three eCommerce systems
	Learning Outcome: 4
Planning for eCommerce	Planning eCommerce implementation by demonstrating that the E-Commerce strategy devised will be implemented using suitable tools and applications.
	Managing the eCommerce implementation
	Measuring its effectiveness by evaluating the success of the design and implementation of the E-Commerce strategy.
	Learning Outcome: 6

Sector Subject Area: Management and Leadership National Occupational Standards 2008

Related NOS: CFAMLE4 - Promote the use of technology within your organisation;

CFABAA111 Respond to change in a business environment;

ESKIITS1, ESKIITS2, ESKIITS3 IT security for users.

CFABAA623 Deliver a presentation

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

5.7. Essentials of Management

Title: Essentials of Management

RQF code: L/502/8323 **Credits** 15 **Level** 4

Guided Learning Hours 36 hours Total Qualification Time 150 hours

Learning Outcomes; The Learner will:	Assessment Criteria; The Learner can:
Analyse the function of management	1.1 Discuss the roles and functions of managers within an organisation1.2 Evaluate the key skills needed to be a successful manager
2. Examine the management decision-making process	2.1 Discuss the importance of the management decision-making process2.2 Compare and contrast different decision-making styles
3. Assess the use of management and organisational strategies	3.1 Discuss the importance of strategic management within an organisation3.2 Discuss the different types of corporate and business-level strategies that can be employed
Analyse how management can influence individual and group performance	 4.1 Discuss how organisational behaviour can explain, predict and influence individual behaviour 4.2 Evaluate the ways in which job satisfaction can impact upon employee behaviour 4.3 Evaluate the major determinants of group performance and satisfaction 4.4 Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of contemporary theories of motivation 4.5 Discuss and explain the key factors in designing motivating jobs
5. Examine theories of leadership and control	5.1 Discuss the challenges posed to leadership by contemporary business models5.2 Assess the importance of control in effective organisational performance

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Introduction to Management	 The role of managers in organisations The main functions of management The characteristics of an organisation The importance of management in today's business environment Management functions and characteristics of an organisation Learning Outcome: 1 	
Management Theories	 Key research and theories in management Defining management, what management is, what managers should do and key roles. The various management theories that have been developed throughout history and the key contributors to these theories How these theories impact upon today's management practices <i>Learning Outcome: 1</i> 	
Decision Making	 The manager as a decision maker The importance of effective decision making The 8-step decision making process Decision making approaches for structured and unstructured problems The various decision making styles that can be adopted Guidelines for effective decision making Learning Outcome: 2 	
Planning	 How and why do managers plan? The main purposes of planning The roles of goals and plans Different types of plans Management by objectives (MBO) Characteristics of well designed goals Planning in uncertain environments Learning Outcome: 3 	
Strategic Management	 Key steps in the strategic management process What strategic management seeks to achieve Why it is important to organisations of all sizes The individual steps in the strategic management process The components of a mission statement How to undertake SWOT and STEEPLE analyses Learning Outcome: 3 	

Organisational Strategies	Research into types of growth and business level strategies
Strategies	The types of corporate and business level strategies
	The role of competitive advantage
	Porter's Five Forces Model
	The three competitive strategies
	First mover advantages and disadvantages
	Learning Outcome: 3
Planning Tools and Techniques	The key planning tools and techniques for allocating resources and undertaking effective project management
	Techniques for assessing the environment, including competitor intelligence
	The quantitative and qualitative approaches to forecasting
	The various types of budgets that can be utilised
	The use of effective time management, efficient use of resources and project management tools for scheduling
	The features of the project management process
	Learning Outcome: 5
Foundations of Behaviour	Research into the individual behaviour of employees and how it can impact upon their work-related performance
	The goals of organisational behaviour
	Importance of job satisfaction on employee behaviour
	Personality traits and the approaches to classifying these
	How perceptions influence behaviour
	Individual learning theories and the shaping of employee behaviour
	Learning Outcome: 4
Groups and Teams	Group performance and effective teams
	The stages of group development
	Group member resources and their impact upon performance
	Internal group structures
	Group decision-making
	The implications of group conflict and approaches to conflict
	resolution

Theories of	Early and contemporary theories of motivation
Motivation	 Developers of early theories of motivation – Maslow, McGregor and Herzberg
	• Three-needs, goal-setting, reinforcement, equity and expectancy theories
	Designing motivating jobs
	Integrating contemporary theories of motivation
	Motivating different groups of workers
	Learning Outcome: 4
Leadership Theories	Research into effective leadership
	Early trait and behavioural theories
	Contingency theories developed by Fiedler and Hersey- Blanchard
	The path-goal model
	The emergence of transformational, transactional and charismatic leadership
	Sources of leader power
	The importance of trust in effective leadership
	Learning Outcome: 5
The Control Process	Designing control systems and using tools to control organisational performance
	The importance of effective controls in ensuring organisational goals are met
	The control process
	Different approaches to controlling organisational performance
	Feedforward, concurrent and feedback controls
	Commonly used financial controls
	The role of the balanced scorecard
	Learning Outcome: 5

Sector Subject Area: Business and Administration NOS (2010)

Related NOS: CFABAG121 Contribute to decision-making in a business environment;

CFABAG1212 Supervise a team in a business environment.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

See also Section 3 above

5.8. Office Solutions Development

Title: Office Solutions Development

RQF code: R/601/1971 **Credits** 15 **Level** 4

Guided Learning Hours 60 hours Total Qualification Time 150 hours

Learning Outcomes; The Learner will:	Assessment Criteria; The Learner can:
Understand how application software can support business processes	 1.1 Discuss ways in which application software can support business processes 1.2 Justify the use of different application software to support a given user requirement or business process 1.3 Discuss the importance of addressing both user and business requirements
Be able to design and implement office solutions	2.1 Design a solution to address a business or user need2.2 Use advanced tools and techniques to implement a solution2.3 Test a solution against expected results
Be able to demonstrate that business processes have been enhanced/improved	 3.1 Discuss ways in which end user engagement has taken place 3.2 Provide evidence that business processes have been enhanced/improved 3.3 Evaluate possible further improvements that could be made to enhance the system

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Application Software and Business Processes	 An Introduction to the module Types of business processes and functions Application software defined Types and range of application software How application software supports business processes Research into examples of commercial software Evaluation of the role of applications software in specific business contexts Case studies Glossary Learning Outcome: 1 	

An Introduction to End User Software Development	 End-User defined Examine the need to address both user and business requirements Interface defined Identify Interface Design principles and good practice Microsoft Office interface development Case studies Glossary Learning Outcome: 1
An Introduction to the Advanced Features and Functions of the Microsoft Office Suite	 An introduction to the Microsoft Office suite An overview of advanced features and functions How the above improve business performance Consideration of both user and business requirements Application of interface design principles Glossary Learning Outcomes: 1 & 2
Advanced Features and Functions of Microsoft Access, Excel and Word	 An overview of advanced features and functions in Access An overview of advanced features and functions in Excel An overview of advanced features and functions in Word Glossary Learning Outcome: 2
An Introduction to VBA and Macros	 Define what is meant by a macro Define what is meant by VBA Explain that there is a range of macros used for different purposes Describe the methods that can be used to develop macros Explain the issues of macros and security Use the Visual Basic Editor to create macros Use the Record Macro feature Save macros Edit macros Learning Outcome: 2
Using Macros in Microsoft Word	 Develop macros Edit macros Use the Macro Recorder Assign a macro to the keyboard Assign a macro to a button Format text or pictures using macros Customise headers and footers using macros Secure documents against malicious macros Learning Outcome: 2

Using Macros in Microsoft Access	 Create a macro in Microsoft Access Understand key macro terms Explain the sequence of macro production Create Autoexec macros Input data using a macro Validate data using a macro Filter and find records using a macro Print records using a macro Assign a macro to a command button Navigate between forms and records using a macro Run a query using a macro Secure documents against malicious macros Learning Outcome: 2
Using Macros in Microsoft Excel - 1 Using Macros in Microsoft Excel - 2	 Create a macro in Microsoft Excel Format titles, formulas and tables Input dates and times Input and select data using a macro Provide data validation using a macro Design message boxes and feedback Design interactive user forms Learning Outcome: 2 Create a macro that uses absolute cell references Create a macro to run a macro Print data using a macro
	Secure documents against malicious macros Learning Outcome: 2
Testing Software Development	 The need for testing Types of testing The Test Plan Determine expected test results Record actual test results to enable comparison with expected results Analyse actual test results against expected results to identify discrepancies Investigate test discrepancies to identify and rectify their causes Testing Checklist Glossary Learning Outcome: 2
Evaluating Software Development	Types of evaluationFunctionality evaluated

	Efficiency evaluated
	Reliability evaluated
	Usability evaluated
	Identify successful user interaction
	Identify enhancements
	Identify potential improvements
	Evaluation Checklist
	Glossary
	Learning Outcome: 3
Combining End User	Topic Scenario
Software	Identify business processes
Development, Testing and	Identify application software
Evaluation	Identify good practice in software interface design
	 Use advanced features and functions in Microsoft Excel and Word
	Use macros in Microsoft Excel and Word
	Produce a test plan
	Produce an evaluation checklist
	Learning Outcomes: 1, 2 & 3

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4063 P1-5— Contribute to human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4063 P6-10— Assist, under supervision, with the progress of human interaction and interface (HCI) design assignments;

ESKITP4064 P1-5 – Prepare for human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4064 P6-8 – Implement, under supervision, human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP4064 P9-12 - Manage the needs of different users of HCI design activities;

ESKITP4065 P1-4 – Plan human interaction and interface (HCI) design activities;

ESKITP5013 P1-6- Carry out system development activities under direction;

ESKITP5014v2 P1-5 - Perform systems development activities;

ESKITP5014v2 P6-10 - Contribute to the management of systems development;

ESKITP5022v2 - Perform software development activities;

ESKITP5024 P6-12- Carry out IT/Technology solution testing activities under direction;

ESKITP5034 P1-4 - Carry out IT/Technology solution testing.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

See also Section 3 above

5.9. Skills for Computing

Title: Skills for Computing

RQF code: F/502/8335 **Credits** 15 **Level** 4

Guided Learning Hours	60 hours	Total Qualification Time	150 hours
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Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;
The Learner will:	The Learner can:
Be able to use various skills to support the study of	1.1 Explain strategies and skills to support learning at RQF Level 4 and above
Computing	1.2 Appreciate the importance of contributing and listening to discussion-based learning activities
	1.3 Write clearly in a style appropriate to learning at RQF Level 4
	1.4 Explain the importance of using citations and bibliographies and avoiding plagiarism
	1.5 Apply a commonly-used system of organising citations and bibliographies in one's own work
Be able to communicate in a technical environment	2.1 Explain and apply common industry standards for technical documentation
	2.2 Employ various media to communicate clearly in English
	2.3 Explain technical issues in a manner appropriate to a non-technical audience
3. Be able to deploy thinking skills and problem-solving	3.1 Summarise a range of problem-solving and creative thinking techniques
paradigms in both a business and learning context.	3.2 Apply at least one problem-solving technique to a business and/or education-based problem
	3.3 Apply a creative thinking technique to a problem based on one's own learning experience
4. Be able to handle and present	4.1 Extract pertinent data from a given source
data	4.2 Design an appropriate document or spreadsheet to record given data
	4.3 Record data accurately in a usable manner
	4.4 Execute an elementary statistical analysis
	4.5 Present data professionally in an appropriate format to a specified audience
5. Understand the need for lifelong learning	5.1 Explain the concepts of Continuing Professional Development (CPD) and lifelong learning
	5.2 Explain the particular application of CPD and lifelong learning to the IT Profession

Syllabus Content		
Topic	Course coverage	
Learning to Learn	 Learning Strategy (CREAM: Creative, Reflective, Effective, Active, Motivated). Personal Learning Plans – Own responsibilities, Setting and monitoring performance objectives. Learning Situations: What are Lectures, Seminars, Tutorials and Labs and how to work well in them. Continuing Professional Development (CPD) and Lifelong learning: applying your learning skills in other contexts Learning Outcomes: 1 & 5 	
Reading, Listening and Note-taking	 Extracting information from written sources Taking notes from a speaker – Approaches to note taking Taking minutes in a meeting – Key listening tips Learning Outcome: 1 	
Writing	 Analysing the question – Key words that define the task and scope Planning and structuring – Essay planning, research, introduction, main body and conclusion. Drafting Referencing – Sources, citation, reference lists, bibliographies Learning Outcomes: 1 & 2 	
Presentation Skills	 Soft skills e.g. personal effectiveness, working with others and social skills Presentation Skills: researching, preparing, presenting and delivering Learning Outcomes: 2 & 4 	
Problem Solving	 Problem Solving tools and techniques Problem definition and analysis – Analyse a problem and propose solutions Success criteria and selecting a solution – Define the success criteria for solving a problem and evaluating solutions against success criteria Learning Outcome: 3 	
Creative Thinking	 Creative Thinking Techniques: Lateral Thinking, brain storming, mind maps, etc. Creative Thinking Models: Parallel Thinking (De Bono 'Six Hats'), TASC (Thinking Actively in a Social Context) Learning Outcomes: 1 & 3 	
Assignment Preparation	 Technical documentation; knowing your audience Proof-reading Exercises in writing and problem-solving based on topics 3-6, practising for assignment tasks Learning Outcomes: 1, 2 & 3 	

Data Acquisition	Methods of obtaining data – Surveys, questionnaires, filtering data				
	Types of data – Data sources; primary and secondary data, quantitative data, qualitative data, discrete data, continuous data				
	 Storing data – Data integrity, data representation, protecting data 				
	Learning Outcome: 4				
Charts and Estimates	Be able to use charts – Types of charts; pie, bar, scatter etc				
	Understand what distributions represent – Binning, normal distribution, random variations, uniform distribution				
	Be able to estimate values – Estimating the mean and median				
	Learning Outcome: 4				
Accuracy and Correlation;	Use standard errors – statistical errors, random variations, user error and systematic errors				
Presenting Results	Represent and analyse paired data				
	Recognise and interpret correlation				
	Analyse and present results correctly – Organising information, charts and plots				
	Understand ways in which statistics are misused – Lack of references, absence of control sets and correlation misuse				
	Learn to recognise mistakes in the way others present results				
	Learning Outcomes: 2 & 4				
Regression Analysis	Pearson correlation – Calculate and interpret Pearson's correlation coefficient				
	Basics of simple linear regression				
	Spearman correlation – Calculate and interpret Spearman's correlation coefficient				
	Understand a straight line fit to bivariate data				
	Learning Outcome: 4				
Data Handling	Revision planning exercise				
Revision and Exam	Exercises based on sample exam questions				
Preparation	Learning Outcomes: 1, 3, 4 & 5				

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4073 P9-12— Document, under supervision, specified information relating to system/solution/service designs;

ESKITP5053 P1-5- Assist with gathering and documenting information to support systems installation, implementation and handover;

ESKITP5054 P5-8- Document and present systems installation, implementation and handover activities;

ESKITP6015 P9-10- Communicate with others on information management activities;

ESKITP6023 P3-4 - Document IT/technology security management processes

Assessments		
Global Assignment (50%)		
Global Examination (50%)		
See also Section 3 above		

5.10. Software Development Techniques

Title: Software Development Techniques

RQF code: A/502/8334 **Credits** 15 **Level** 4

Guided Learning Hours 60 hours Total Qualification Time 150 hours

Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;			
The Learner will:	The Learner can:			
Identify and explain the key stages of software development lifecycles	 1.1 Identify and describe the stages in traditional software lifecycle approaches 1.2 Explain why alternative software development lifecycles have been developed 1.3 Identify and explain the key features of modern approaches to software development 			
Express, design and evaluate algorithms	 2.1 Express algorithms in a non-executable code 2.2 Develop algorithmic solutions to well-specified problems using appropriate notation 2.3 Evaluate algorithmic solutions with appropriately selected test data 			
Identify and use programming language constructs	 3.1 Select and use variables and constants taking into account associated data type requirements 3.2 Select and use appropriate programming structures (sequence, selection and iteration) 			
Identify and use common data structures	4.1 Explain and use arrays4.2 Explain and use common structures such as lists, queues and stacks			
5. Explain and use common algorithms	5.1 Explain and use common algorithms for searching, sorting, parsing5.2 Explain the efficiency criteria used to evaluate such algorithms			
6. Explain and use test strategies	6.1 Develop and apply test strategies for well-defined algorithms6.2 Identify and explain a range of methods used to test software			
7. Explain how software is modularised	7.1 Explain procedural and object oriented programme structure7.2 Demonstrate the use of programme structures using non-executable code			

Syllabus Content				
Topic	Course coverage			
Introduction to the Module and the Software Development Process	 Introduction to the unit Introduction to the software development process How computer programs are designed How they are written How they are tested The history of software development Software Development Lifecycle Project Life Cycle Waterfall Prototyping Agile User Stories Learning Outcomes: 1 & 2			
Desk-checking	 Pseudocode format - suitability of software behavioural design techniques Desk-checking – Process to find bugs and errors in code Commenting – Annotating source code Learning Outcomes: 2 & 6 			
Data Representation	 Memory management in a computer system – Storage of data, scaling, size of data, memory requirements Data types – Whole numbers, string, real numbers, Boolean, character Variable declaration and manipulation Learning Outcomes: 3 			
Iteration	 Discuss the computational term iteration – Understand that this is used to repeat blocks of an algorithm without having to repeat ourselves. Bounded Loops – When it is known how many times code is going to repeat – For Loops Unbounded Loops – When it is unknown how many times code is going to repeat – While Loops Mathematical algorithms Learning Outcomes: 2 & 3 			
Selection	 If – Definition of the IF THEN structure Nesting – Powerful technique for creating complex algorithms, definition of loops within loops Else Switch Input validation – Truth tables to outline all the possible outcomes of compound conditionals Learning Outcomes: 3 & 6 			

Functions	 Understand that functions exist independently of your main pseudocode program. They only get executed when they are invoked by your main program. 			
	 Calling functions, desk checking function calls, benefits of functions 			
	 Parameters – allow us to pass information or instructions into functions 			
	 Return Types – Defining return types, Using return values 			
	Learning Outcomes: 3, 4 & 7			
Testing and Debugging	 Formal testing – Functionality, no unexpected behaviour, required responses, anticipated data and error checking 			
	 Test strategies – Black box testing and White box testing 			
	 Unit testing – Testing functions in isolation 			
	 Integration testing – Methods of testing the links between our main program and each of its functions 			
	Learning Outcomes: 6			
Arrays	 What are arrays: Understand that an array is a data structure consisting of a collection of elements (values or variables). 			
	 Application of arrays – declaration of arrays, manipulation of arrays, passing an array to a function, returning an array 			
	 Two dimensional arrays – Understand that these are grids of data, work on creating, setting and getting 			
	Learning Outcomes: 3 & 4			
Searching and	Big O Notation – Measure of how an algorithm will scale.			
Sorting	• Linear search algorithms – Simplest of the searches, to search through every element in an array in order for a search term			
	 Binary search algorithms – To partition a search for increased efficiency. An array in ascending or descending order can be subjected to binary searches 			
	 Bubble Sort Algorithm – A sort which works by repeatedly swapping adjacent elements until an array is orders. 			
	 Quick Sort – More efficient form of sorting, splits arrays and sorts individually 			
	 Recursion - A loop that is created by having a function call itself with a smaller set of data. 			
	Learning Outcomes: 4 & 5			

Objects	Object design – Understand that Objects are a specific instantiation of a class, declaring and manipulating objects, object persistence, passing and returning objects
	Classes – Understand that classes are more powerful than arrays
	Modularity – Functions, objects and classes
	Methods – Understand that methods are functions within classes, calling methods, method overloading
	 Constructors – Understand their use and capabilities; used to initialise a newly created object of the same type
	 Accessor Functions – A function used to set or get a variable in a class.
	Learning Outcomes: 3, 4 & 5
Array Data	Lists – Understand that an array grows as needed
Structures	Stacks – Understand that a stack is a last in, first out (LIFO) data structure
	Queues – Understand that queue is a first in, first out (FIFO) data structure
	Recursion – The recursion process on stacks, factorials
	Learning Outcomes: 4 & 5
Summary and	Summary of module
Conclusion	Contextualisation of concepts
	Clarifications
	Further reading
	Learning Outcomes: All

Sector Subject Area: IT and Telecoms

Related NOS: ESKITP4073 P1-4 – Follow, under supervision, the organisation's procedures for informing systems design activities;

ESKITP4073 P5-8- Carry out, under supervision, specified systems design activities;

ESKITP4073 P9-12— Document, under supervision, specified information relating to system/solution/service designs;

ESKITP5023 P1-4 - Assist with the management of software development activities;

ESKITP5023 P5-11 - Carry out software development activities under direction;

ESKITP5024 P13-16- Control software development activities;

ESKITP5033 - Carry out IT/Technology solution testing activities under direction;

Assessments

Global Examination (100%)

See also Section 3 above

5.11. Understanding Business Organisations

Title:	Understanding Business Organisations					
RQF code:	J/502/927	J/502/9275				
Guided Learning Hours 36 hours Total Qualification Time 150 hours					150 hours	

Learning Outcomes;	Assessment Criteria;		
The Learner will:	The Learner can:		
Evaluate various types of organisations	1.1 Compare and contrast the form, aims, objectives and operations of business organisations across a number of sectors		
Evaluate various forms of organisational structure	development		
	2.2 Compare and contrast the mechanistic and organic forms of organisation structure		
	2.3 Analyse the competitive forces exerting influences on an organisation and its structure		
Examine the process of organisational change	3.1 Compare and contrast types of organisational change		
	3.2 Discuss the steps in the change process for organisations		
	3.3 Assess the impact of resistance to change on organisational performance		
4. Assess the use of	4.1 Analyse the barriers to effective communication		
communication in organisations	4.2 Examine the ways in which communication processes can help or hinder organisational performance		
5. Examine how organisational performance is monitored	5.1 Discuss the control processes put in place in organisations		
	5.2 Compare and contrast the use of budgetary and non-budgetary methods of control		
6. Evaluate the use of IT systems on the performance	6.1 Assess how the effective use of IT can impact upon organisational performance		
and structure of an organisation	6.2 Explain how the Internet and collaboration technologies have enabled new forms of organisation		

Syllabus Content	
Topic	Course coverage
Different Types of Organisations	 Different categories of non-incorporated business organisations The importance of limited liability The different types of limited companies The advantages and disadvantages of the various types of business organisation Other categories of business organisation, including not-for-profit Learning Outcome: 1
Organisational Structures	 The role of the organisation chart in illustrating the organisation structure The purpose of lines of authority and delegation The benefits and drawbacks of a centralised hierarchy The five alternative forms of organisation structure The importance of co-ordinating work activities Learning Outcome: 1
Mechanistic and Organic Forms of Organisational Structure	 The main characteristics of mechanistic and organic forms of organisational structure The role of contingencies in choosing the most appropriate form of structure The main types of contingent factors shaping organisation structures The opportunities for management to select the most appropriate structure Learning Outcome: 2
Human Resource Management	 The impact of Human Resource Management (HRM) on organisational performance The main activities undertaken by a human resources department The importance of HRM policies having both an effective external and internal fit The role of job analysis The approaches that can be adopted for employee recruitment and selection Performance appraisal and performance-related pay <i>Learning Outcome: 3</i>

Organisations and the Competitive Environment	 The main forces that can affect organisational performance How to undertake a PEST analysis The use of Porter's five forces model to analyse competitive environments How to organise environmental analysis The importance of managing stakeholder expectations Learning Outcome: 2
Change in Organisations	 The motivations for organisational change The types of change that can be introduced – structural, technological, systems and cultural The impact of organisational culture on potential change Learning Outcome: 3
Implementing and Managing Organisational Change	 The lifecycle, emergent, participative and political theories of change Changing the internal context within an organisation The different forms of resistance to change Strategies for successfully implementing change The process for managing change successfully Kurt Lewin's three-step model for change Learning Outcome: 3
Effective Communication in Organisations	 The importance of effective communication The essentials of the communication process Key factors in communicating successfully Using the concept of media richness to decide upon the most appropriate communication medium Upward, downward and horizontal communication flows Common barriers to effective communication Learning Outcome: 4
Monitoring Organisational Performance – Financial & Budgetary Control	 The various types of accounting activities found within an organisation The role of cash flow, profit and loss accounts and balance sheets in monitoring organisational performance The difference between profit and cash The use of financial information for effective internal control The range of budgets typically used within an organisation Learning Outcome: 5
Optimising Organisational Performance – Quality and Operational Measures	 The role of quality management within an organisation The Plan, Do, Check, Act (PDCA) cycle Quality systems and standards Service level agreements (SLAs) The philosophy of total quality management (TQM) Just-in-time (JIT) production Learning Outcome: 5

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The IT Environment Within Business	 The use of technology within the organisation for enhancing business activities, decision making and operations The difference between data and information How a business uses technology The use of technology for operational purposes How technology has influenced product research and design Key factors in implementing IT systems The impact of the Internet upon organisations Learning Outcome: 6
New Organisational Structures and Opportunities Through IT	 The use of evolving networking, eCommerce and social media technologies within organisations, and their impact on organisational structures and ways of working Developments in e-commerce, e-business and other Internet-related technologies The different categories of e-business involvement The role of intranets, extranets and collaborative technologies in today's organisations Remote working and virtual teams Key issues associated with managing virtual teams Learning Outcome: 6

Subject Sector Area: Business and Administration (2013)

Related NOS: CFABAA111 Respond to change in a business environment;

Subject Sector Area: NOS for Operational Delivery Processing roles **Related NOS:** SFJPA1.5 Manage and evaluate an information system.

Assessments

Global Assignment (100%)

See also Section 3 above

6. Results and Certificates

The grade descriptors Pass, Merit and Distinction are awarded by Unit to successful candidates. A Pass is awarded for an overall Unit mark of between 40 and 59. A Merit is awarded for an overall Unit mark of between 60 and 69 and a Distinction is awarded for an overall Unit mark of 70 and above. Candidates who obtain an overall Unit mark of below 40 are classed as *failed* in the Unit and may resit.

A final qualification mark will be awarded upon successful completion of all units. This is calculated by finding the average mark of all units that make up the qualification. Please note that in exceptional circumstances, NCC Education may be required to change the algorithm to calculate a final qualification mark for a learner in order to secure the maintenance of standards over time. Any necessary changes to this algorithm would be shared with Centres and learners promptly by NCC Education.

Grade Descriptors incorporate characteristics intended to provide a general indication of assessment performance in relation to each Unit's Learning Outcomes in this specification. The final Unit grade awarded will depend on the extent to which a candidate has satisfied the Assessment Criteria. A qualification is awarded when the candidate has achieved at least a pass in all Units.

After each assessment cycle, results slips are issued (in electronic format) which detail the grades achieved, i.e. Fail, Pass, Merit or Distinction (see *Appendix 2*). Certificates which contain your qualification grade and pass mark are then dispatched to Centres.

7. Further Information

For more information about any of NCC Education's products please contact customer.service@nccedu.com or alternatively please visit www.nccedu.com to find out more about our suite of high-quality British qualifications.

Appendix 1 Qualification Documentation

The following NCC Education documentation has been referred to in this specification:

- Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations Policy
- Instructions for Conducting Examinations
- Assessment Instructions
- Activity Schedule
- Centre Handbook

All documentation, together with access to NCC Education's online resources, is available to Centres and (where applicable) candidates who have registered for assessment.

Appendix 2 Grade Descriptors

The grade descriptors Pass, Merit and Distinction are awarded to successful candidates. The following are characteristics intended to provide a general indication of assessment performance in relation to each Learning Outcome in this specification. The final grade awarded will depend on the extent to which a candidate has satisfied the Assessment Criteria overall and it should be noted that weaknesses in some aspects of an assessment can be balanced by strong performance in other areas.

Grade descriptors for Computer Networks

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Understand network and communication protocols	Has an adequate understanding of some subject terminology and demonstrates a reasonable appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has very good understanding of a wide variety of subject terminology and demonstrates a wide appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has an extensive understanding of a comprehensive range of subject terminology and demonstrates an insightful appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.
Understand the principles of common network topologies and architectures	Has an adequate understanding of some subject terminology and demonstrates a reasonable appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has very good understanding of a wide variety of subject terminology and demonstrates a wide appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has an extensive understanding of a comprehensive range of subject terminology and demonstrates an insightful appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.
Understand the application of network security measures	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Be able to select and configure the hardware components of a computer network to meet the requirements of a precise specification	Produces a sufficiently-defined focus for enquiry, identifying relevant investigative strategies and plans. Reasonable data is collected from several sources and overall results meet the requirements and are communicated in an inappropriate format.	Produces a clearly- defined focus for enquiry, identifying relevant investigative strategies and plans. Accurate and relevant data is collected from a range of sources and overall results are precise and communicated in an appropriate format.	Produces a well-defined focus for enquiry, identifying insightful investigative strategies and plans. Meticulous data is collected from numerous sources and overall results are extensive and communicated in a highly appropriate format.
Be able to design and install network and server operating systems to meet the requirements of a precise specification	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to use design principles to effectively create and adequately evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to use design principles to effectively create and accurately evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to use design principles to effectively create and critically evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.

Be able to install and	Can adequately identify,	Can appropriately	Can consistently identify,
configure internet	adapt and make use of a	identify, adapt and make	adapt and make use of a
telephony and	sufficient range of	use of a range of	comprehensive range of
communication systems	techniques and	techniques and	techniques and
	information sources	information sources	information sources
	within an array of	within an array of	within an array of
	contexts.	contexts with depth that	contexts with depth.
		goes beyond the	·
		minimum to pass.	

Grade descriptors for Computer Systems

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Understand the function of computer systems	Has satisfactory awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and demonstrates sufficient ability to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	Has very good awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is able in detail to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	Has an excellent awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is comprehensively able to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.
Be able to design computer systems	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Be able to build and configure computer systems	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Be able to undertake routine maintenance on computer systems	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.

Grade descriptors for Databases

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Understand the	Has satisfactory	Has very good	Has an excellent
concepts associated	awareness of principles	awareness of principles	awareness of principles
with database systems	and concepts underlying	and concepts underlying	and concepts underlying
	theoretical frameworks	theoretical frameworks	theoretical frameworks
	and approaches and	and approaches and is	and approaches and is
	demonstrates sufficient	able in detail to identify	comprehensively able to
	ability to identify	associated strengths and	identify associated
	associated strengths and	weaknesses.	strengths and
	weaknesses.		weaknesses.
Understand the	Has satisfactory	Has very good	Has an excellent
concepts associated	awareness of principles	awareness of principles	awareness of principles
with the relational	and concepts underlying	and concepts underlying	and concepts underlying
model	theoretical frameworks	theoretical frameworks	theoretical frameworks
	and approaches and	and approaches and is	and approaches and is
	demonstrates sufficient	able in detail to identify	comprehensively able to
	ability to identify	associated strengths and	identify associated
	associated strengths and	weaknesses.	strengths and
	weaknesses.		weaknesses.
Understand how to	Demonstrates a	Demonstrates a very	Demonstrates an
design and develop a	satisfactory ability to use	good ability to use design	excellent ability to use
database system	design principles to	principles to effectively	design principles to
	effectively develop an	develop an artefact to	effectively develop an
	artefact to solve an	solve an identified issue.	artefact to solve an
Do oble to develor :	identified issue.	Domonatratas a var:	identified issue.
Be able to develop a	Demonstrates a	Demonstrates a very	Demonstrates an
logical database design	satisfactory ability to use design principles to	good ability to use design principles to effectively	excellent ability to use design principles to
	effectively develop an	develop an artefact to	effectively develop an
	artefact to solve an	solve an identified issue.	artefact to solve an
	identified issue.	Solve an identified issue.	identified issue.
Be able to develop a	Demonstrates a	Demonstrates a very	Demonstrates an
database system using	satisfactory ability to	good ability to develop an	excellent ability to
SQL	develop an artefact to	artefact to solve an	develop an artefact to
	solve an identified issue.	identified issue.	solve an identified issue.

Grade descriptors for Designing and Developing a Website

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Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Design a website to	Demonstrates a	Demonstrates a very	Demonstrates an
address loosely defined	satisfactory ability to use	good ability to use design	excellent ability to use
requirements	design principles to	principles to effectively	design principles to
	effectively create an	create an artefact to	effectively create an
	artefact to solve an	solve an identified issue.	artefact to solve an
	identified issue.		identified issue.
Use web development	Demonstrates a	Demonstrates a very	Demonstrates an
tools to build (X)HTML-	satisfactory ability to	good ability to develop an	excellent ability to
and CSS-based	develop an artefact to	artefact to solve an	develop an artefact to
websites to address	solve an identified issue.	identified issue.	solve an identified issue.
well-defined			
specifications			
Understand the	Can adequately identify,	Can appropriately	Can consistently identify,
technology and tools	adapt and make use of a	identify, adapt and make	adapt and make use of a
needed to use	sufficient range of	use of a range of	comprehensive range of
multimedia in the	techniques and	techniques and	techniques and

Develop test strategies and apply these to a website	information sources within an array of contexts. Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass. Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	information sources within an array of contexts with depth. Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Understand the need for Web standards	Has satisfactory awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and demonstrates sufficient ability to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	Has very good awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is able in detail to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	Has an excellent awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is comprehensively able to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.
Understand the concepts associated with using the Internet and the World Wide Web for business	Has an adequate understanding of some subject terminology and demonstrates a reasonable appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has very good understanding of a wide variety of subject terminology and demonstrates a wide appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has an extensive understanding of a comprehensive range of subject terminology and demonstrates an insightful appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.

Grade descriptors for Designing and Developing Object Oriented Computer Programs

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Design object-oriented programmes to address	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to use	Demonstrates a very good ability to use design	Demonstrates an excellent ability to use
loosely defined problems	design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Implement object- oriented programmes from well-defined specifications	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to implement an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to implement an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to implement an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Develop object-oriented programmes that reflect established programming and software engineering practice	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Develop test strategies and apply these to	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the	Demonstrates an excellent ability to

object-oriented programmes	review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Develop design documentation for use in program maintenance and enduser documentation	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to develop an artefact to solve an identified issue.

Grade descriptors for eBusiness

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Analyse eCommerce business models	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but non-routine.
Analyse eCommerce business-to-consumer strategies	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Analyse eCommerce business-to-business strategies	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Evaluate various forms of online marketplace	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address

	defined but non-routine.	to address problems that are well defined but non-	problems that are well defined but non-routine.
		routine.	defined but non routine.
Examine the security threats posed to eCommerce users	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Understand how to plan eCommerce strategies	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.

Grade descriptors for Essentials of Management

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Analyse the function of management	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Examine the management decision-making process	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.
Assess the use of management and organisational strategies	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Analyse how management can influence individual and group performance	Has satisfactory awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and	Has very good awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is	Has an excellent awareness of principles and concepts underlying theoretical frameworks and approaches and is

	demonstrates sufficient ability to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	able in detail to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	comprehensively able to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.
Examine theories of leadership and control	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.

Grade descriptors for Office Solutions Development

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Understand how application software can support business processes	Has an adequate understanding of some subject knowledge and demonstrates a reasonable appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has very good understanding of a wide variety of subject knowledge and demonstrates a wide appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has an extensive understanding and a comprehensive range of subject knowledge and demonstrates an insightful appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.
Be able to design and implement office solutions	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to use design principles to effectively create an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Be able to demonstrate that business processes have been enhanced / improved	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of the design, implementation and evaluation of substantial problems.	Demonstrates a very good ability to judge the effectiveness and appropriateness of the design, implementation and evaluation of substantial problems that goes beyond the minimum required to pass.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively judge the effectiveness and appropriateness of the design, implementation and evaluation of substantial problems, providing a critical insight.

Grade descriptors for Skills for Computing

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Be able to use various skills to support the study of Computing	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to adequate use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to a meticulous use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.
Be able to communicate in a technical environment	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Be able to deploy thinking skills and problem-solving paradigms in both a business and learning context.	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Be able to handle and present data	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Understand the need for lifelong learning	Has an adequate understanding of some subject knowledge and demonstrates a reasonable appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has very good understanding of a wide variety of subject knowledge and demonstrates a wide appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.	Has an extensive understanding and a comprehensive range of subject knowledge and demonstrates an insightful appreciation of current debates and updates in relation to this area of study.

Grade descriptors for Software Development Techniques

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Identify and explain the key stages of software development lifecycles	Provides a satisfactory interpretation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.
Express, design and evaluate algorithms	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to use design principles to effectively create and adequately evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates a very good ability to use design principles to effectively create and accurately evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to use design principles to effectively create and critically evaluate an artefact to solve an identified issue.
Identify and use programming language constructs	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to adequate use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to a meticulous use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.
Identify and use common data structures	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to adequate use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information and data due to a meticulous use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.
Explain and use common algorithms	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Explain and use test strategies	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Explain how software is modularised	Provides a satisfactory interpretation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.

Grade descriptors for Understanding Business Organisations

Learning Outcome	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Evaluate various types of organisations	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.
Evaluate various forms of organisational structure	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.
Examine the process of organisational change	Demonstrates a satisfactory ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to adequate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates a very good ability to review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results that goes beyond the minimum required to pass due to an accurate use of pre-defined techniques and/or criteria.	Demonstrates an excellent ability to comprehensively review the effectiveness and appropriateness of information, data and results due to a meticulous use of predefined techniques and/or criteria.
Assess the use of communication in organisations	Has satisfactory awareness of principles and concepts underlying	Has very good awareness of principles and concepts underlying	Has an excellent awareness of principles and concepts underlying

	theoretical frameworks and approaches and demonstrates sufficient ability to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	theoretical frameworks and approaches and is able in detail to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.	theoretical frameworks and approaches and is comprehensively able to identify associated strengths and weaknesses.
Examine how organisational performance is monitored	Can adequately identify, adapt and make use of a sufficient range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts.	Can appropriately identify, adapt and make use of a range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth that goes beyond the minimum to pass.	Can consistently identify, adapt and make use of a comprehensive range of techniques and information sources within an array of contexts with depth.
Evaluate the use of IT systems on the performance and structure of an organisation	Provides a satisfactory interpretation and consequently an adequate evaluation of several authoritative sources to meet the requirements of problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides a very good interpretation and consequently an accurate and relevant evaluation of a variety of authoritative sources that goes beyond the minimum requirements to address problems that are well defined but non-routine.	Provides an excellent to outstanding interpretation and consequently a sophisticated evaluation of numerous authoritative sources to critically address problems that are well defined but nonroutine.